Chapter 3 Quadratic Equations and Complex Numbers

- 1. Solving Quadratic Equations
- 2. Complex Numbers
- 3. Completing the Square
- 4. Using the Quadratic Formula
- 5. Solving Nonlinear Systems
- 6. Quadratic Inequalities



1 of 8

Solve the quadratic using factoring

$$x^{2} - 6x + 9 = 1$$
$$x = \{2, 4\}$$

$$x^{2} - 30x + 225 = 121$$
$$x = \{-26, -4\}$$

3.3 - Completing the Square Perfect square trinomial $x^2 - 16x + 64$ $(x - 8)(x - 8) = (x - 8)^2$

Completing the Square - Sometimes you need to add a term to make a perfect square.

$$x^{2} + bx \longrightarrow x^{2} + bx + \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^{2} \longrightarrow \left(x + \frac{b}{2}\right)^{2}$$

 $x^2 + 8x \longrightarrow x^2 + 8x + 16 \longrightarrow (x+4)^2$

3 of 8

Solve the equation by completing the square

$$x^2 - 4x + 8 = 0 \qquad x = 2 \pm 2i$$

Practice

a)
$$x^{2} + 8x - 5 = 0$$

 $x = -4 \pm \sqrt{21}$
b) $6x(x + 2) = -42$
 $x = -1 \pm i\sqrt{6}$

4 of 8

Deriving quadratic formula

$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$	
$x^2 + \frac{b}{-x} = -\frac{c}{-x}$	
$a \qquad a \qquad a \qquad a \qquad x^2 + \frac{b}{x} + \left(\frac{b}{x}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{b}{x}\right)^2 - \frac{b}{x} = \left(\frac{b}{x}\right)^2 - \frac{b}$	C
$a \left(\frac{2a}{2a}\right) \left(\frac{2a}{2a}\right)$ $\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 = \frac{b^2}{4a^2} - \frac{4ac}{4a^2}$	a
$\begin{pmatrix} 2a \end{pmatrix} 4a^2 4a^2 \\ x \pm b = \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$	
$2a \qquad 2a \qquad 2a \\ -b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}$	
x =	

3.3 - Completing the Square Practice: Solve the equation by completing the square

22. $x^2 + 4x = 10$ **25.** $x^2 + 12x + 18 = 0$ **28.** $2k^2 + 16k = -12$ **23.** $x^2 + 8x = -1$ **26.** $x^2 - 18x + 86 = 0$ **29.** $3x^2 + 42x = -24$

3.3 - Completing the Square Vertex Form $y = (x - h)^2 + k^{6 \text{ of } 8}$

(h, k) is the vertex of the parabola.

For example:

$$y = (x - 4)^2 + 2$$

Vertex (4, 2)



Solve for the Vertex Form $y = (x - h)^2 + k'$

$$y = x^2 + 6x + 4$$
 Ver (-3)

$$y = x^2 - 2x - 6$$

Vertex (1, -7)



8 of 8

Practice: Solve for the vertex form

41. $y = x^2 - 8x + 19$ **44.** $y = x^2 + 20x + 90$

42.
$$y = x^2 - 4x - 1$$

45. $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 4$

43. $y = x^2 + 12x + 37$ **46.** $g(x) = x^2 + 7x + 2$